

Give an example from *Unstoppable* of the distraction Will experienced due to personal problems outside of work.

Give an example from *Unstoppable* of the hidden cost of business, especially in relation to public relations distractions. (Hint: donuts)

In *Unstoppable*, why did so many older employees have a bad attitude toward rookies?

Make up five conditional sentences about *Unstoppable* and the Titanic disaster.

Choose three types of communication equipment, and produce one grammatically-correct sentence with each, giving an example of how it helped or harmed the situation in *Unstoppable*.

See and answer the True/False statements about *Unstoppable* in the review PDF.

With a partner, make a list of all of the synonyms we have had since the Midterm Exam; how many are there? (Many of the ones that were on the midterm will be back, too.)

**What is the Protestant work ethic? Your answer should show how key American values fit in so well with “the Protestant work ethic” and helped create a climate for America’s industrial growth. (This is something you need to memorize.)

(From the midterm) Illustrate the “checks and balances” in the US government by talking about how laws are created. (important terms include bill, veto, override the veto; talk about each branch of government)

**List the “big six” basic American values, and give a short definition of each. (This was a homework exercise)

With a partner, read the opening quote for each chapter we studied this term, and say what the main idea is. Then point out any AWL terms in that quote, and say what they mean.

Where do Ivy League schools get their money?

What is the “Glass Ceiling”?

Divide this list with a group of 4, and say something about each person:

Chapter 3: Thomas Jefferson, Andrew Carnegie, John D Rockefeller, Wade Clark Roof

Chapter 11: Max Lerner, Judith Wallerstein, Dr. Benjamin Spock, Letha & John Scanzoni, Daniel Yankelovich

Chapter 12: Alvin Toffler, John Zogby, Ben Wattenberg, Michael Barone (explain his idea of hard/soft America), Mortimer Zuckerman, John Kenneth White, George Washington

Traveling without Seeing: Jonathan Martin (what did he say about irony?), Frank Bruni (what was his main point?)

Midterm Exam: Horatio Alger, Lee Iococca, Vince Lombardi, Steve Jobs, Bill Gates, Alexis de Tocqueville, Sallie Krawcheck, Billy Graham

What happens at work to many Americans (esp. women) who put “family” ahead of “career”?

Why did Mr. Krigline say that Duck Dynasty is so popular?

Is religion a crutch, especially for weak or grieving people? Explain.

What is the role of independents in American politics? How big is this group, compared to other parties?

What is the connection between equality of opportunity and equality of results?

(From the Midterm exam) Who are most American “new jobs” created by?

What are some of the risks associated with starting a new company in America?

What does ESL or EFL stand for?

Did Mr. Krigline say that in both China and America, a “government job” is often seen as the best opportunity for people to become wealthy?

What is the difference between Community colleges and other public institutions of higher education, versus elite private schools?

According to our text, the main difference between *organized sports* and *recreation* is that recreational activities are not expected to encourage _____.

The text also said that over half of Americans work in... large or small companies?

What did we point out that Andrew Carnegie, John D Rockefeller and Bill Gates have in common?

What do words like endow, trust, value, save, gift and convert have in common?

(chapter 3) What is “probably the most widely respected form of self-improvement” in the US?

According to our book, what was “one of the strongest reasons” why many early colonists sought to move to America?

What does our book say that the most precious and most popular of the “basic six” American values is?

All but one of the Ivy League colleges was founded before what historical event?

What was one goal of the writers of the US Constitution, in regard to their balance of power?

What is the Bill of Rights?

Talk about these terms: the era of “big government”, the Great Depression, “The New Deal”, “The Great Society. a “Welfare State”

What does the “national religion” refer to? What is one of its main functions?

With a partner, give a brief description of the Scanzoni's theory about the stages of development in US marriages.

(From the midterm exam) Talk about the role of vacation and leisure time. What kinds or categories of activities do many people choose to do on vacations? (Answer should include terms like vitality, relax, challenges, danger, new skills, reward)

**What are the three major factors that make it almost impossible for America to go back to an isolationist mentality?

(From the midterm exam) Talk about the role of business in America, why businesspeople are not always trusted, and the relationship between “business” and “values”. (Answer should include terms like reflect, flaw, product safety, and key American values.)

Mr. Krigline said that in America, another term for “television” is what?

According to Mr. Krigline--From a sociological perspective, what 20th century invention did more to radically change society and *social behavior* than just about any other invention?

What is meant by “blended family”?

Mortimer Zuckerman says that (what?) has become the symbol of middle-class anxiety in the USA.

What are the basic beliefs common to all Christian divisions (e.g., Catholic, Orthodox, Protestant)?

In times of crisis, the “national religion” can discourage people from speaking out against the government.
Mr. Krigline said Americans think this can be dangerous because... (why?)

What do Americans believe to be the primary purpose of the family?

Find and give a few statistics about “American family structures” (in a section with that sub-title).

The text said that the American attitude toward “family” contains many contradictions, and listed two examples. What are they?

(From the midterm exam) Give one or two grammatically-correct sentences to tell me about the major elements of the “American Dream”, according to class lectures.

(From the Midterm) According to Mr. Krigline’s lecture about leisure, why is soccer gaining popularity in the US?

Are American cartoons created exclusively for children?

Gun owners, teachers, and retired people each have very influential lobbying groups. Why?

What does “a work out” refer to?

According to American social scientists, what is the role or value of sports among children?

What comment about the Bush/Gore election was on the midterm exam?

What do Americans mean by “an entitlement program”?

What was “the Flaw” in the documentary with that name? (What was Greenspan wrong about?)